

# Matlab Habits

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# My Remarks

- Good habits
- Conceptual errors

## Good habits (Yevick, 2012, sec. 2.2)

- *Don't* use i and/or j as loop variables.
  - This practice is common in other programming languages.
  - i and j are the imaginary units.
  - Use loop, innerLoop, etc, instead.
- Surround binary operator with spaces.

```
a = 1 ; % Correct  
a=1 ; % Wrong
```

- No spaces after a unary operator.

```
b = -a ; % Correct  
b = - a ; % Wrong
```

## Good habits (cont.) (Yevick, 2012, sec. 2.2)

- Append a 'C' and/or an 'R' after vectors and/or matrices.
  - If  $v \in \mathbb{R}^3$ , then use `vR3` or `vC3`.
  - If  $m \in M_{4 \times 5}(\mathbb{C})^1$ , then use `mR4C5`.

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<sup>1</sup>The set of matrices with 4 rows, 5 columns and entries in  $\mathbb{C}$ .

## Good habits (cont.) (Yevick, 2012, sec. 2.2)

- Proper indentation for readability

```
myVar = 0; % An example of improper indentation
for loop = 1:100
    a = 1; b = 2; c = 3;
    for outerLoop = 1:200
        disp('Hello World!')
    for innerLoop = 1:300
        myVar = c * a + b;
    end % Finding syntax error is hard
    myVar = myVar / innerLoop
    disp('Which loop am I in?')
end
myVar
end
```

## Good habits (cont.) (Yevick, 2012, sec. 2.2)

- Proper indentation for readability

```
myVar = 0; % Know the structure by preceding whitespace
for loop = 1:100
    a = 1; b = 2; c = 3;
    for outerLoop = 1:200
        disp('Hello World!')
        for innerLoop = 1:300
            myVar = c * a + b;
        end % Finding syntax error is easier
        myVar = myVar / innerLoop
        disp('Which loop am I in?')
    end
    myVar
end
```

## Good Habits (cont.)

- Use scripts, instead of interactive consoles, for a list of commands.
  - Examples: loops, if-else statements, etc
  - For loops and if-else statements, *indentation* is important.
- Avoid infinite loops due to logic error.
  - Running infinite loops is *time-wasting*.
  - With debugger, we can spot out errors by running a few steps.

## Good Habits (cont.)

- An example of infinite loops copied from Wikipedia. (“Infinite Loop,” n.d.)

```
1 a = 0;
2 while a < 10
3     sprintf('%d\n', a);
4     if a = 5
5         sprintf('a equals 5!\n');
6     end
7     a++;
8 end
```

# Debugging

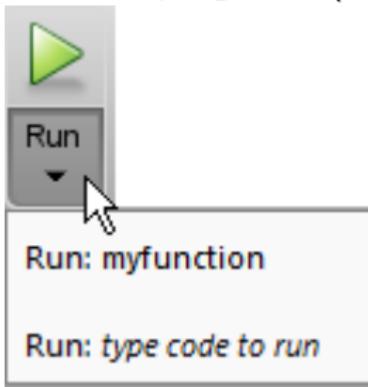
- 1 Write some code.
- 2 Click the *hyphen at the right of a line number* to set breakpoints.

```
1 function collatzplot(m)
2 % Plot length of sequence for Collatz problem
3 % Prepare figure
4 clf
5 set(gca, 'XScale', 'linear')
6 %
7 % Determine and plot sequence and sequence length
8 for N = 1:m
9     plot_seq = collatz(N);
10    seq_length(N) = length(plot_seq);
11    line(N,plot_seq,'Marker','.', 'MarkerSize',9, 'Color', 'blue');
12    drawnow
13 end
14 % This M-file has an intentional error at line 10 to demonstrate
15 % The plot_seq variable should be seq_length(N).
```

Source: <http://www.mathworks.com/help/releases/>

## Debugging (cont.)

- 3 Run the program. (Click the triangle *on the top*.)



Source: [http://www.mathworks.com/help/releases/R2013b/matlab/matlab\\_prog/run\\_command.png](http://www.mathworks.com/help/releases/R2013b/matlab/matlab_prog/run_command.png)

- 4 See how the program works.

# Conceptual Errors

- 1 Scripting language v.s. programming language (Hung, 2012, sec. 1)

	Scripting language	Programming language
compilation	yes	no
development speed	faster	slower
execution speed	slower	faster

# Conceptual Errors (cont.)

## 2 if is *not* a loop. ("Control Flow," n.d.)

- Loop: Repeatedly do something.
- if-elseif-else statements are *conditionals*.
- Can we do something for 100 times using if-elseif-else statements?

# References

- Control Flow. (n.d.). Retrieved February 23, 2014, from  
[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Loop\\_\(computing\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Loop_(computing))
- Hung, C. K. (2012). A Brief Introduction to Scripting. Retrieved February 23, 2014, from  
<http://user.frdm.info/ckhung/b/pr/scripting.php>
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[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Infinite\\_loop#Mathematical\\_errors](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Infinite_loop#Mathematical_errors)
- Yevick, D. (2012). *A Short Course in Computational Science and Engineering: C++, Java, and Octave Numerical Programming with Free Software Tools*. New York: Cambridge University Press.